<u>The Menopause Support guide to Understanding</u> <u>Menopause for Men.</u>

Menopause-So what is it?

Menopause simply means the end of monthly periods, once the ovaries stop producing eggs the hormone levels start to drop and the cycle that used to produce a monthly period eventually stops. Medically menopause is defined as one day, the day twelve months after the last menstrual bleed, on average this happens between the age of 51 and 52.

Leading up to menopause is the **peri menopause** and this is when the hormone levels start to fluctuate, for some women, approximately twenty five per cent, they will experience very few symptoms and sometimes none. The other seventy five per cent will experience symptoms and for some they can be debilitating, affecting all aspects of their lives and those around them. Many women start to experience peri menopausal symptoms in their late thirties and early forties although they may not recognise them, more on that later.

Post menopause is everything after twelve months and one day without a period, many women believe that post menopause means no symptoms but for some this is not the case and for a few symptoms can continue for many years.

Some women will experience menopause as the result of hysterectomy surgery particularly if the ovaries are removed, this is called **surgical menopause or medical menopause** which can occur as the result of treatments like chemotherapy or radiotherapy. Natural menopause can be difficult for some women without the right help and support but surgical or medical menopause can be devastating if women are not well advised.

A small but significant percentage of women will experience an early or what is known as a premature menopause, premature menopause can affect women in their thirties, twenties and even their teens. In many cases the reason is unknown but the physical and emotional impact cannot be underestimated and expert medical support is vital.

So what's actually happening to a woman's body when the hormone levels start to change? sometimes on a daily basis Oestrogen, Progesterone and Testosterone are the three main hormones responsible for menopause symptoms, it's important to remember that women have oestrogen receptors all over their bodies which might help to explain why the symptoms can be so varied.

Progesterone levels are usually the first to fall and as well as helping to regulate monthly periods and maintain pregnancy progesterone acts as one of the bodies main calmers so when this hormone starts to deplete, sometimes quite rapidly, some women start to feel tense, nervous, anxious, what they might described as depressed, panicky and irritable.

Whilst the progesterone levels continue to fall the oestrogen levels start to fluctuate, sometimes wildly and this can lead to a host of symptoms which unless they are recognised as related to menopause can seem quite unconnected. Some of the most common are; broken sleep, brain fog, exhaustion, muscle and joint pain, hot flushes, night sweats, loss of libido, vaginal dryness and soreness and increased urinary symptoms.

Oestrogen levels can peak and dip on a daily and sometimes hourly basis so if you have noticed that your partner can move from happy to sad and anger to tears at the flick of a switch it's very likely that her hormones have well and truly taken control. If you are finding this difficult to adjust to just imagine what it's like to experience first-hand. Many women tell me that they have lost their joy and just don't know themselves anymore. Honestly, it's not you but those feelings are very real and it can be very scary to feel so out of control.

Testosterone is a hormone that is always associated with men and sex drive but it has an important role to play in the lives of both men and women and it's not all about libido. Testosterone supports bone strength, muscle strength, energy levels and self-confidence. Women like men experience a reduction in testosterone production as we age and like men some women will be more affected than others. Those in surgical menopause will experience a rapid reduction in testosterone when their ovaries are removed. Many of the women I counsel tell me how sad they are that their libido has disappeared but help is available if that is the woman's choice and your support is key.

It's important to remember that your wife or partner may not experience any of what I have described above but when three out of four women will experience symptoms it's likely that you may notice some changes and sometimes before she does. If your partner has had a hysterectomy including removal of her ovaries or is undergoing treatment for some types of cancer the onset of symptoms can be rapid and its vital that she gets expert advice and support to help her deal with the symptoms.

Women are still confused about the treatment options for menopause symptoms mainly due to some scary headlines about HRT (hormone replacement therapy) back in 2002 but the fact is that HRT is the most effective treatment for menopause symptoms and many of the myths that arose out of those headlines are simply not true. For women who choose not to take HRT or absolutely can't (and there are very few) there are lots of alternatives which means that no woman should have to suffer in silence.

If you have read this far and are starting to panic, thinking: how the hell do I help her?

1. **Educate yourself:** the more you know about what she is experiencing the better, whilst you will never be able to understand how it feels, in the same way that women living with or married to a man will never know what it's like to be faced with a menopausal partner, it shouldn't stop us trying to understand and be mutually supportive of each other. Many women feel lost and lonely at this time in their lives, your love and support is more important than ever.

- 2. **Try not to put any undue pressure on your partner:** whilst it can be a confusing time for you both this is not the time to be making big decisions. Try not to ask when does this end? or how long will this last? Firstly it's not helpful and secondly she has no more idea than you do. On average menopause lasts four to eight years from the first to the last symptom but every woman is different. Just being there to offer support, maybe a cuddle (unless she's having a hot flush) or a cup of tea or running her a nice relaxing bath is enough. Simple things can make a huge difference when you are feeling overwhelmed.
- 3. **Ask her what she needs:** it can be really tricky to know what your partner needs when she is struggling physically and emotionally, nobody can be expected to know what another person wants or needs, no matter how close you are. You can't be expected to be a mind reader so my advice is to ask (gently).
- 4. Accept the silence: many women tell me how they just need a period of quiet for self-reflection, this is not aimed at cutting you out, although my husband tells me that it sometimes felt like that, it's our way of processing what is happening to us. Try to imagine what it must be like to have so many physical and emotional changes happening at the same time and wondering where the real you has gone.
- 5. **Resist the urge to snap back;** easier said than done I know but it's important to understand that fluctuating oestrogen levels have an effect on the neuro receptors in the brain and that can result in a sharp tongue sometimes, as my husband will confirm. Just stop, breathe and walk away if you have to, it will pass.
- 6. Encourage your partner to seek help and consult her doctor about her symptoms and offer to go with her. For some women just making the appointment can be a major hurdle, anxiety during menopause can be crippling and self-confidence can just melt away. It can be so helpful to have a supportive partner with you when you sit down in front of your doctor and everything you had planned to say evaporates.
- 7. **Be prepared to change your plans:** many women struggle with selfconfidence during menopause and if this is coupled with crashing fatigue it's likely that your partner may just want to curl up on the sofa at home rather than socialise. If you have ever experienced social anxiety you will know how hard it can be but during menopause it can be paralysing. No amount of trying to tempt her out with the promise of weekends away, fancy restaurants or even tropical holidays will make her feel better. This takes time to work through and every woman is different but she will be so appreciative of your patience and understanding. Remember you are probably the only person in the world that she feels able to be truly herself with. The pressure to keep up appearances, particularly at work, can be exhausting and curled up on the sofa with you is probably where she feels safest right now.
- 8. However challenging life can be don't forget to show her that you love her. One of the unexpected effects of menopause for many women is the physical changes to their body shape which can result in your partner experiencing a loss of confidence and becoming very body conscious. If she has started covering up at all times and will no longer allow you to see

her naked try to understand that these changes can take some getting used to and even though she might be desperate to exercise and change her diet it's the last thing you feel like doing when your energy level is on the floor. Sometimes all women want is reassurance and a hug, which leads me to.....

- 9. **Sex**, which, let's face it, can be tricky at any time but once menopause arrives for some couples it can be a no go area. Sex is complicated and there can be many reasons why both men and women no longer seem to be interested in sex, which, if it suits you both is fine. However, if one or both of you is feeling increasingly unhappy about intimacy, which can be shared in all sorts of ways, it needs to be tackled. It's important to recognise that for some women falling oestrogen and testosterone levels will have a direct effect on their libido, you may also have experienced this as you have got older but the physical effects of oestrogen depletion can be extremely upsetting both physically and emotionally. Many women tell me how they avoid any physical contact at all to avoid having to talk about what's happening to them. The physical effects of falling oestrogen levels on the vulva (the bits you can see) and the vagina (the bit you can't) can be that left untreated they can become extremely dry and sore and for some women excruciatingly painful. Oestrogen acts as one of the body's main lubricants and it helps to keep the female genitalia both healthy and lubricated. Men that I have spoken to tell me that they start to wonder if their partner just doesn't love them anymore and many of the women I counsel tell me how sad they feel about their physical discomfort and lack of libido. Both speak about their longing for physical intimacy again but neither wants to start the conversation, for me this is heart-breaking as often it leads to an ever widening gap both physically and emotionally which is why
- 10. Communication is key (at any time) but particularly at this time in your lives. I see so many women who tell me that they wished they had known what was happening to them so that they could have discussed it with husbands and partners and sought help and advice before it was too late to save their relationship. Menopause has often been referred to as the change of life and in so many ways it is but not just for women. We all change, men and women, both physically and emotionally as we age but that doesn't mean that we shouldn't be able to look forward to long,
- 11. happy, healthy, fulfilling lives with our husbands, wives and partners.

Menopause can be a challenging time for any couple but it doesn't have to be. The key is to be prepared so that you can approach this time in your lives with the knowledge to help you support each other through it and on towards a new chapter in your lives. Menopause is not just a women's issue, if you know a woman or love a woman you need to know about menopause.